



# INSIGHTS – OUTLOOK

## INTERIM REPORT AS OF JUNE 30, 2009

### CONTENTS

» KEY FIGURES	3
» INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT	5
» GROUP INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	14
» IMPRINT	27

## KEY FIGURES

# KEY FIGURES

Key figures of the consolidated balance sheet	30/06/2009	31/12/2008
	EUR m	EUR m
Investment properties	2,888.9	2,900.7
Current assets	77.8	110.4
Equity	635.5	649.3
Financial liabilities	2,039.9	2,089.2
Total assets	3,085.1	3,126.7
Net asset value	640.7	646.3
Net asset value per share	24.27	24.48

Key figures Group P&L	H1/2009	H1/2008
	EUR m	EUR m
Results from rental business	77.3	75.5
Results from privatisation business	2.5	4.8
Administration expenses	-16.8	-20.3
EBITDA	67.3	65.7
Result for the period	-2.4	0.5
Funds from operations	17.8	10.9
Funds from operations per share	0.67	0.41

Share	30/06/2009	31/03/2009	31/12/2008
Share price (EUR)	9.94	11.40	9.49
Number of shares	26,400,000	26,400,000	26,400,000
Market capitalisation (EUR m)	262	301	251
Primary stock exchange			Xetra
Indices		SDAX, EPRA/Nareit, MSCI, GPR250	
ISIN/Stock symbol (bearer share)			DE000A0HN5C6/DWNI

# INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT

# INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT

In the second quarter of 2009 and also in the entire first half of 2009, the operational development continued successfully.

- » The estimated rent increased further by 0.8% to EUR 5.29 per m<sup>2</sup>, the most strongly in our development portfolio (cluster B) by 1.5% to EUR 4.83 per m<sup>2</sup>. Here, our investments in the property paid off. Compared to December 31, 2008 the estimated rent in the core portfolio increased by 1.1%.
- » In the core portfolio, the vacancy rate was substantially reduced by 15% to 3.3% in the first half of the year.
- » In the area of single privatisation, we already notarially concluded 403 purchase agreements, of a goal for the year of 500 housing units. Of these 403 sold units, 190 units reflected in the balance sheet in the first half of 2009. The average sales price was 34% above the respective fair value and thus steadily above 30% since the beginning of 2008.
- » The cost savings initiated in the past year are having full effect in 2009; accordingly, personnel costs in the first half of the year were lowered by 23% and material costs by 4% compared to the previous year's 6-months.
- » The financial result decreased by 9.5% from EUR 61.8 million to EUR 55.9 million in the first half of 2009, which is essentially due to the redemptions in 2008. Through redemptions amounting to EUR 54.4 million net in the first half of 2009, we reached a loan-to-value ratio of less than 70%.

As a result, the operative improvement translated into a significantly higher pre-tax profit of EUR 10 million (30/06/2008: EUR 2.6 million). Correspondingly, the funds from operations increased to EUR 0.67 per share (H1/2008 EUR 0.41 per share). The introduction of SAP is structurally concluded. The service quality has considerably improved due to the organisational and proce-

dural improvements in the property management division.

On the turbulent capital markets, the share price of Deutsche Wohnen has held its ground well. With a share price of EUR 9.94 per share at the end of the quarter, the value of the share has increased by 5% since the beginning of the year.

It was concluded on an extraordinary general meeting on August 7, 2009 to raise the capital of the company by up to EUR 250 million. The new capital is to support the reduction of the leverage and the increase of the strategic flexibility during arising growth opportunities.

New serious risks in connection with the development of the economic situation cannot be observed. We therefore also expect a stable operative development for the future business development.

## A PORTFOLIO STRUCTURE

Overall, Deutsche Wohnen has been managing 50,122 residential units as of 30 June 2009.

Our holdings in the **core portfolio** with presently 33,777 residential units are located in growing **metropolitan areas such as Berlin and the Rhine-Main region**. Here, we see the largest and most sustainable rental potentials and thus growth.

By far the largest **single location is still Berlin, with a total portfolio share of almost 50% and of 67% in the core portfolio respectively**.

			Residential		Commercial		Parking
	Units	Area m <sup>2</sup> k	Estimated rent EUR/m <sup>2</sup>	Vacancy rate %	Units	Area m <sup>2</sup> k	Units
<b>Core portfolio</b>	<b>33,777</b>	<b>2,037</b>	<b>5.29</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>377</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>8,047</b>
Berlin	22,757	1,369	5.08	2.5	270	37	1,855
Frankfurt/Main	3,660	217	6.76	2.6	43	17	1,825
Rhine-Main	3,272	203	5.81	6.9	54	14	1,960
Rheintal-Süd	4,088	249	4.76	5.3	10	1	2,407
<b>Housing privatisation</b>	<b>13,724</b>	<b>859</b>	<b>4.82</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>5,181</b>
Single sales	4,840	322	5.33	11.3	20	2	1,820
Bloc sales	8,884	537	4.52	10.1	61	5	3,361
<b>Own property*</b>	<b>47,501</b>	<b>2,896</b>	<b>5.15</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>13,228</b>
DB 14	2,621	179	5.47	6.2	31	8	2,624
<b>Total properties</b>	<b>50,122</b>	<b>3,075</b>	<b>5.17</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>489</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>15,852</b>

\*not incl. North Hessen

## B PORTFOLIO STRATEGY

Our business model is characterised by three main approaches:

### 1. Internal growth:

#### Full utilisation of rent development potentials

We plan to raise rents in our portfolio by 3–4 % each year. We can achieve this by making consistent use of adjustments to the rent index through targeted modernisation measures that can be allocated to tenants and through a reduction in the vacancy rate. Market conditions and the property/location-based characteristics of our portfolio open up opportunities to enjoy continued above-average growth.

### 2. Value-based privatisation

We have laid a sustainable foundation for our privatisation business, involving the sale particularly of residential properties to occupants desirous of becoming owners. The earlier volume and liquidity-driven sales strategy is no longer a priority. Rather, our properties are to be sold at least at fair value as part of a continuous concentration of our portfolio.

The **single sale partial portfolio** with presently 4,840 housing units is made up of the holdings released for sale in preceding years mainly in Berlin and Rhine-Main. We have assumed sales of about **500 units p. a.** in our planning, which corresponds to a sales rate of 10 % p. a. of this partial portfolio and 1 % p. a. of the entire portfolio.



Völklinger Weg, Frankfurt/Main



Imbrosweg, Berlin-Mariendorf





Orsbeckstraße, Bad Neuenahr-Ahrweiler

» Locations with perspectives «

### 3. External growth:

#### Focus on areas of high population density

Our strategy involves the concentration of our portfolio holdings in areas of high population density in Germany which show high rent development potential. Along with Berlin and the Rhine-Main region a large part of the portfolio is already located in the strategically targeted metropolitan areas.

The **bloc sale partial portfolio** with presently 8,884 housing units includes all the holdings that are to be sold for strategic reasons within the next years. These holdings mainly consist of property in rural regions of the **Länder Rhineland-Palatinate and Brandenburg**. We use the liquidity generated by sales for the repayment of credits or specifically for new acquisitions.

#### Nursing and residential care homes

This division concentrates primarily on the operation of high-quality, in-patient care facilities located predominantly in Berlin and/or the new Länder which is carried out by the KATHARINENHOF® Seniorenwohn- und Pflegeanlage Betriebs-GmbH. Overall, approx. 1,350 nursing care beds and flats are managed in this business area, making it one of the larger private providers in Germany. The division has been developed in the last years by GEHAG GmbH, increasing it in value, and today stands on a solid and productive foundation. Especially the utilisation of on average 94 %, which is above the nationwide average, and thus a turnover and profit development exceeding the internal planning show the profitability of this division. In the first half of the year, an earnings contribution of EUR 4.5 million was generated for a turnover of EUR 16.4 million.



Ziekowstraße, Berlin-Tegel



Wilskistraße, Berlin-Zehlendorf



Schillerring, Berlin-Reinickendorf



## C OPERATIONAL DEVELOPMENTS

### Leasing

	Q2/2009	Rent Q1/2009	Development	Market rent	Potential
	EUR/m <sup>2</sup>	EUR/m <sup>2</sup>	%	EUR/m <sup>2</sup>	%
<b>Core portfolio</b>	<b>5.29</b>	<b>5.25</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>6.00</b>	<b>13.4</b>
<b>Cluster A</b>	<b>5.37</b>	<b>5.33</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>5.90</b>	<b>9.9</b>
Berlin	5.12	5.08	0.8	5.70	11.3
Frankfurt/Main	6.76	6.71	0.7	7.70	13.9
Rhine-Main	5.80	5.78	0.3	6.10	5.2
Rheintal-Süd	4.91	4.89	0.4	5.45	11.0
<b>Cluster B</b>	<b>4.83</b>	<b>4.76</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>6.15</b>	<b>27.3</b>
Berlin	4.84	4.77	1.5	6.10	26.0
Rhine-Main	5.83	5.74	1.6	8.30	42.4
Rheintal-Süd	4.41	4.37	0.9	5.55	25.9

The average rent of the core portfolio amounts to EUR 5.29 per m<sup>2</sup> as of June 30, 2009. Thus it was possible within three months to increase the rent by EUR 0.04 per m<sup>2</sup> or by 0.8% against the previous quarter. In reference to the first half of the year, this resulted in an increase of EUR 0.06 per m<sup>2</sup> or 1.1%.

Compared to the first quarter of 2009, the vacancy rate could be reduced by another 10.8% to 3.3% in the core portfolio. In cluster A, which accounts for around 60% of the total properties, we were able to reduce the vacancy rate to less than 3%. The locations Berlin and Frankfurt/Main are to be especially highlighted, where we have reached virtual full occupancy with a vacancy rate of 2.2% and 2.6% respectively. In the first half of 2009, the vacancy rate in the core portfolio was reduced by 15% compared to the end of 2008.

In reference to an average market rent of EUR 6 per m<sup>2</sup> in the core portfolio, this results in a rent potential of presently EUR 0.71 per m<sup>2</sup> or 13.4%. Especially in cluster B, we strive to realize the market potential of EUR 1.32 per m<sup>2</sup> and/or an average of 27.3% through specific modernisation measures. The new rental business, too, is unchangedly positive with regard to units and concluded estimated rent per square metre. In the first half of the year, we were able to close 2,300 new tenancy agreements with an average rent of EUR 6.16 per m<sup>2</sup> in the non restricted holding.

### Sales

The following table gives an overview of the transactions in the first half year – independent of the transfer of title:

	Units	Transaction volume	Fair Value		Difference
		EUR m	EUR m	EUR m	%
Single privatisation	403	33.4	25.0	8.4	34
Bloc sales	336	7.7	7.2	0.5	7
<b>Total</b>	<b>739</b>	<b>41.1</b>	<b>32.2</b>	<b>8.9</b>	<b>28</b>

In the context of the **single privatisation**, purchase agreements with a sales volume of EUR 33.4 million for 403 units were concluded in the first half year. The average sales price amounted to EUR 1,196 per m<sup>2</sup> and was thus steadily over 30% above the fair value for the last 18 months. Average rent multipliers of 23x for the property in Berlin and multipliers of 18x for the Rhine-Main region could be arranged. Of these 403 sold units, 190 units reflected in the balance sheet in the first half of 2009 with a purchase price of EUR 15.9 million and a fair value of EUR 11.5 million.

For the **bloc sales** that are part of the portfolio adjustment, we concluded purchase agreements for 336 units and a transaction volume of EUR 7.7 million in the first half of the year. Of these, 202 units were recognised in the profit and loss statement with a purchase price of EUR 2.8 million and a fair value of EUR 2.6 million in the first half of the year.

## D ASSET, FINANCIAL AND EARNINGS POSITION

### Earnings Position

	H1/2009	H1/2008
	EUR m	EUR m
Estimated rent income	103.0	104.5
Income shortfalls	-6.8	-7.6
Reduced rent	-0.9	-0.6
Operating costs result	-3.2	-3.3
<b>Net rents</b>	<b>92.1</b>	<b>93.0</b>
Maintenance and restoration	-13.8	-16.2
Other income and expenses	-1.0	-1.3
<b>Results from rental business</b>	<b>77.3</b>	<b>75.5</b>
Revenue from sales	18.7	22.3
Sales expenses	-2.1	-1.9
Carrying amount debit	-14.1	-15.6
<b>Results from privatisation business</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>4.8</b>
Employee expenses	-10.5	-13.7
General and administration expenses	-6.3	-6.6
<b>Administration expenses *</b>	<b>-16.8</b>	<b>-20.3</b>
KATHARINENHOF®	4.5	3.9
AKF	0.0	0.6
Miscellaneous	-0.2	1.2
<b>Other business segments</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>5.7</b>
<b>EBITDA *</b>	<b>67.3</b>	<b>65.7</b>
Depreciations	-1.4	-1.8
Market value adjustment	0.0	0.5
<b>EBIT *</b>	<b>65.9</b>	<b>64.4</b>
Market value adjustment of the derivative financial instruments	-0.5	26.1
<b>Financial result **</b>	<b>-55.9</b>	<b>-61.8</b>
<b>EBT *</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>28.7</b>
Restructuring and reorganisation expenses	-5.4	-16.8
Tax	-6.5	-11.5
<b>Result for the period</b>	<b>-2.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>

\* adjusted for restructuring and reorganisation expenses

\*\* The financial result takes non-cash interest in the amount of EUR 7.5 million into account.

Except for the restructuring and reorganisation expenses, the first half of 2009 has not been substantially influenced by special items. In contrast, the first half of 2008 was moreover characterised by the positive market value adjustment of the derivative financial instruments.

The considerable improvement of results can be seen when the EBT is adjusted for the effect from the market value adjustment of the derivative financial instruments:

	H1/2009	H1/2008
	EUR m	EUR m
Earnings before taxes	4,1	12,3
Restructuring and reorganisation expenses	5,4	16,8
Result from the fair value adjustment of investment properties	0,0	-0,5
Result from the market value adjustment of derivative financial instruments	0,5	-25,9
<b>Earnings before taxes (adjusted)</b>	<b>10,0</b>	<b>2,7</b>

In spite of the shortfall in rental income due to the sell-offs in 2008, the result of the rental business could be slightly increased in the first half of 2009. This is due on the one hand to the realised rent increases and on the other hand to reduced maintenance expenses. Apart from this, we refer to our explanations in section C "Operational Developments".

The cost savings in the administrative area are to be especially highlighted. Employee expenses decreased in comparison with the same period of the previous year

from EUR 13.7 million by 23.4% to EUR 10.5 million. Material costs decreased by EUR 0.3 million.

The financial result could be lowered by EUR 5.9 million or 9.5% through the redemptions in 2008.

The restructuring and reorganisation expenses (EUR 5.4 million) include compensations and continued payments of wages in the amount of EUR 3.4 million. Furthermore, EUR 2 million were accumulated in the context of the reorganisation.

### Net Asset Position

The balance sheet total as of June 30, 2009 of EUR 3,085.1 million has only negligibly changed against December 31, 2008 (EUR 3,126.7 million). With 93%, the investment properties make up the largest balance sheet item (EUR 2,888.9 million).

The current assets amount to EUR 77.8 million and include payment instruments with EUR 19.5 million and the noncurrent assets held for sale with EUR 18.1 million as the largest single items.

On June 30, 2009, the equity amounted to EUR 635.5 million.

The current and noncurrent financial liabilities with EUR 2,039.9 million decreased compared to the end of 2008 due to amortisations (net EUR 54 million) (31/12/2008: EUR 2089.2 million).

Thus we were able to improve our debt position to 69.9%:

	30/06/2009	31/12/2008
	k EUR	k EUR
Financial liabilities	2,039,892	2,089,173
Convertible bonds	25,998	25,430
	<b>2,065,890</b>	<b>2,114,603</b>
Payment instruments	- 19,545	- 41,974
<b>Net financial liabilities</b>	<b>2,046,345</b>	<b>2,072,628</b>
Investment properties	2,888,911	2,900,673
Land and buildings held for sale	19,166	19,355
Noncurrent assets held for sale	18,132	17,696
	<b>2,926,209</b>	<b>2,937,724</b>
Loan-to-value ratio	69.9%	70.6%



Wiesbadener Straße, Berlin-Wilmersdorf

## » Optimising cost structures «

The increase of the current financial liabilities is due, among other things, to the unscheduled repayment in connection with the planned increase in capital. These payments are under the condition that the increase in capital will take place and depend additionally on actually realized issue proceeds.

### Financial Position

The Group cash flow statement shows a clear improvement of the liquidity development against the comparison period in 2008. The cash flow from operating activity improved by EUR 14.8 million to EUR 15.6 million.

From disinvestments, further funds in the amount of EUR 20.5 million could be added to the company, of which EUR 2.8 were reinvested. Further payments occurred in connection with DB 14 (EUR 1.3 million). Financial liabilities in the amount of EUR 54.4 million net were repaid net.

As of June 30, 2009, the financial resource fund includes EUR 19.5 million in cash. Furthermore, we have free credit lines in the amount of EUR 65 million at our disposal.

The operationally improved cost structure, together with the reduction of the vacancy rate and the rent development, also clearly reflects positively in the funds from operations as of June 30, 2009. These funds amount to EUR 17.8 million or EUR 0.67 per share respectively and are calculated as follows:

	H1/2009	H1/2008
	EUR m	EUR m
Result for the period	-2.4	0.5
Depreciations	1.4	0.8
Value adjustment of investment properties	0.0	-0.5
Results from discontinued divisions	0.0	0.3
Value adjustment of the derivative financial instruments	0.5	-25.9
Financial expenses not affecting liquidity	7.5	7.5
Deferred taxes	5.4	11.3
Restructuring costs	5.4	16.8
FFO	17.8	10.8
FFO per share	0.67	0.41

### Net Asset Value

As of June 30, 2009, the net asset value amounts to EUR 641 million or EUR 24.27 per share respectively. It is calculated from the equity of EUR 636 million as of June 30, 2009, adjusted by the deferred taxes in connection with the property (EUR 5 million).

### Stock Market and Deutsche Wohnen Share

The first half of 2009 at the worldwide financial markets continued to be ruled by strong insecurity regarding the economic development and the depth and length of the expected recession. While single economic indicators point to an improvement of the global economic conditions at the latest in 2010, it has also been suggested that a fast recovery and the effectiveness of the economic stimulus packages passed by the governments of many European countries and the USA are doubtful. As a result, the indices stagnated in the first half of the year.

The DAX finished the first half of the year almost unchanged, though with strong fluctuations. MDAX and SDAX gained 3% and 4% respectively in the first six months of this year. The EPRA index, which shows the development of the largest European real estate shares, lost 2%. The EPRA Germany index, which shows the German real estate shares, also declined by just under 2%.

The Deutsche Wohnen share was not able to defy these fluctuations. Between the low (EUR 7.26 on February 19, 2009) and the high (EUR 17.20 on April 24, 2009) was a difference of almost EUR 10. As a result, the share was able to record a price gain of 5% in the first half of 2009 compared to the share price at the end of 2008. The Deutsche Wohnen share thus developed better than the real estate-specific reference indices and finished the quarter with a price of EUR 9.94.

### Supplementary Report

It was concluded on the extraordinary general meeting on August 7, 2009 to raise the share capital by up to EUR 250 million against cash contributions by issuing of new shares.

### Risk Report

In terms of the risks of the future business development, we refer to the statements made in the risk report of the consolidated annual financial statements as of December 31, 2008. Due to the current financial crisis, we would like to especially point out the following: The risks resulting from the refinancing of loans are at present largely limited in the Deutsche Wohnen Group due to a by far predominant share in noncurrent loans.

In the next three years, our refinancing volume only amounts to EUR 150 million. Nevertheless, due to the more restrictive lending practice as a consequence of the financial crisis, future problems when taking out and extending loans can not be ruled out.

The value of our real estate assets was assessed and confirmed as of June 30, 2009 by an independent expert.

### Forecast Report

The continuing financial crisis and the associated slowdown of the economy will also continue to have a paralysing effect on the real-estate markets. Larger transactions are substantially impeded or deferred due to the tightening of credit.

Nevertheless, traditionally, Germany has one of the most stable real-estate markets of the world. The residential property market is taking up a relatively recession-proof position within this market, based on its intact economic fundamentals (household and rent development). This is especially true for the core regions of our portfolio.

Our business model has proved itself even on very difficult markets. Through the successful integration and reorganisation, we developed Deutsche Wohnen into an efficient and highly professional platform in the previous year. We are convinced that we have thus laid the foundation for further operational success in the coming years. We intend to use the funds from the increase in capital for the improvement of the balance sheet structure and for further growth.



Lohrbergweg, Berlin-Zehlendorf



Wilhelm-Loewe-Straße, Annweiler

# GROUP INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET OF DEUTSCHE WOHNEN AG

## ASSETS

Deutsche Wohnen AG, Frankfurt/Main		
Consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2009	30/06/2009	31/12/2008
	k EUR	k EUR
<b>Assets</b>		
Investment properties	2,888,911	2,900,673
Fixed assets	17,168	17,745
Intangible assets	4,220	4,652
Other noncurrent assets	156	198
Holdings in affiliated companies	245	495
Deferred tax asset	96,598	92,559
<b>Noncurrent assets</b>	<b>3,007,298</b>	<b>3,016,322</b>
Land and buildings held for sale	19,166	19,355
Other inventories	2,012	1,908
Trade receivables	12,905	21,202
Receivables from income tax	2,653	5,479
Other assets	3,384	2,796
Payment instruments	19,545	41,974
<b>Subtotal current assets</b>	<b>59,665</b>	<b>92,714</b>
Noncurrent assets held for sale	18,132	17,696
<b>Current assets</b>	<b>77,797</b>	<b>110,410</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>3,085,095</b>	<b>3,126,732</b>

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET OF DEUTSCHE WOHNEN AG

## LIABILITIES

Deutsche Wohnen AG, Frankfurt/Main		
Consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2009	30/06/2009	31/12/2008
	k EUR	k EUR
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Equity allocated to shareholders of parent company		
Subscribed capital	26,400	26,400
Capital reserves	269,677	269,677
Accumulated consolidated earnings	339,125	352,913
<b>Total</b>	<b>635,203</b>	<b>648,990</b>
Minority interest	302	302
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>635,505</b>	<b>649,292</b>
Noncurrent financial liabilities		
Convertible bond	25,998	25,430
Pension obligations	39,259	39,300
Liabilities to Fund limited partners	47,748	48,006
Tax liabilities	63,227	60,652
Derivative financial instruments	36,201	32,570
Other provisions	12,401	12,506
Deferred tax liabilities	76,065	71,660
<b>Total noncurrent liabilities</b>	<b>2,112,009</b>	<b>2,281,200</b>
Current financial liabilities		
Trade payables	29,409	22,800
Other provisions	8,900	10,296
Derivative financial instruments	30,078	16,779
Tax liabilities	19,399	21,629
Other liabilities	21,015	26,640
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>337,582</b>	<b>196,240</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>3,085,095</b>	<b>3,126,732</b>

# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF DEUTSCHE WOHNEN AG

## PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT

Deutsche Wohnen AG, Frankfurt/Main				
Consolidated profit and loss statement for the period from January 1 to June 30, 2009				
	H1/2009	H1/2008	Q2/2009	Q2/2008
	k EUR	k EUR	k EUR	k EUR
Turnover	147,361	149,435	76,161	77,268
Result from sales *				
Sales proceeds	18,715	22,282	13,167	14,688
Carrying amounts of assets disposal	-14,153	-15,560	-10,034	-9,828
Total	4,562	6,722	3,134	4,860
Other operating income	3,298	5,440	1,300	2,372
<b>Total income</b>	<b>155,221</b>	<b>161,597</b>	<b>80,595</b>	<b>84,500</b>
Expenses for trade payables	-57,987	-60,627	-31,802	-35,202
Employee expenses	-19,037	-22,591	-9,354	-11,145
Other operating expenses	-10,919	-13,410	-5,142	-5,405
Restructuring and reorganisation expenses	-5,387	-16,790	-1,221	-15,521
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>-93,330</b>	<b>-113,418</b>	<b>-47,519</b>	<b>-67,273</b>
<b>Interim result</b>	<b>61,891</b>	<b>48,179</b>	<b>33,076</b>	<b>17,227</b>
Result from the fair value adjustment of investment properties **	0	496	0	17
Depreciations	-1,410	-803	-914	-434
<b>Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)</b>	<b>60,481</b>	<b>47,872</b>	<b>32,162</b>	<b>16,810</b>
Financial income	371	775	93	510
Result from the market value adjustment of derivative financial instruments	-456	25,884	-456	49,853
Financial expenses	-56,255	-62,261	-28,346	-31,505
<b>Earnings before taxes</b>	<b>4,140</b>	<b>12,270</b>	<b>3,453</b>	<b>35,668</b>
Income tax	-6,533	-11,486	-3,621	-12,075
Result from continuing divisions	-2,392	784	-169	-23,593
Result from discontinued divisions	0	-329	0	-472
<b>Result for the period</b>	<b>-2,392</b>	<b>455</b>	<b>-169</b>	<b>23,121</b>
Of these allocated to:				
Shareholders of parent company	-2,392	455	-169	23,121
Minority interest	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>-2,392</b>	<b>455</b>	<b>-169</b>	<b>23,121</b>
<b>Earnings per share</b>				
basic	-0.09	0.02	-0.01	0.88
diluted	-0.09	0.04	-0.01	0.87

\* The result from sales has until now been designated as result from the privatisation business.

\*\* Compared with the unaudited Group interim financial statements of Deutsche Wohnen AG as of June 30, 2008, the result from the fair value adjustment of the investment properties is reported in the unaudited shortened Group interim financial statements of Deutsche Wohnen AG as of June 30, 2009 after the interim result and no longer in the total income. In the unaudited Group interim financial statements as of June 30, 2008, the statement of the total income amounts to EUR k 162,093 and of the interim result to EUR k 48,675.

# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF DEUTSCHE WOHNEN AG

## OVERALL RESULT

Deutsche Wohnen AG, Frankfurt/Main				
Group statement of income and accumulated earnings				
as of January 1 to June 30, 2009	H1/2009	H1/2008	Q2/2009	Q2/2008
	k EUR	k EUR	k EUR	k EUR
Result for the period	-2,392	455	-169	23,121
Unrealised losses from derivative financial instruments (after deduction of deferred taxes)	-11,393	0	11,307	0
Result for the period	-13,785	455	11,138	23,121
Of these allocated to:				
Shareholders of parent company	-13,785	455	11,138	23,121
Minority interests	0	0	0	0

# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF DEUTSCHE WOHNEN AG

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Deutsche Wohnen AG, Frankfurt/Main		
Group cash flow statement for the period from January 1 to June 30, 2009	H1/2009	H1/2008
	k EUR	k EUR
<b>Operating activity</b>		
Result for the period	-2,392	455
Financial income	-371	-775
Financial expenses	56,255	62,261
Income tax	6,533	11,486
<b>Result for the period before interest and taxes</b>	<b>60,025</b>	<b>73,427</b>
Non-cash expenses/earnings		
Fair value adjustment of investment properties	0	-496
Depreciations	1,410	1,775
Adjustment of interest rate swaps	456	-26,072
Other non-cash expenses/earnings	-7,402	603
Changes in the net working capital		
Changes in receivables, inventories, and other current assets	8,607	3,676
Changes in the operating liabilities	1,035	-6,211
<b>Operative cash flow</b>	<b>64,131</b>	<b>46,702</b>
Interest paid	-46,670	-46,731
Interest received	371	802
Tax paid	-2,212	0
<b>Cash flow from operating activity</b>	<b>15,620</b>	<b>773</b>
<b>Investment activity</b>		
Proceeds from sales	20,463	26,522
Payments for investments	-2,753	-13,170
Payments made in connection with DB 14	-1,323	-170
<b>Cash flow from investment activity</b>	<b>16,387</b>	<b>13,182</b>
<b>Financing activity</b>		
Proceeds from loans taken up	29,584	19,437
Payments made for the redemption of loans	-84,018	-39,446
<b>Cash flow from financing activity</b>	<b>-54,434</b>	<b>-20,009</b>
<b>Net changes in cash</b>	<b>-22,428</b>	<b>-6,054</b>
Cash at the start of the period	41,974	47,874
Cash at the end of the period	19,547	41,820

# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF DEUTSCHE WOHNEN AG

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Deutsche Wohnen AG, Frankfurt/Main								
Consolidated statement of changes in equity as of June 30, 2009								
	Subscribed capital	Capital reserve	Accumulated consolidated result			Subtotal	Minority interests	Equity
			Pensions	Cash flow hedge reserve	Other reserves			
	k EUR	k EUR	k EUR	k EUR	k EUR	k EUR	k EUR	k EUR
Equity as of January 1, 2008	26,400	349,521	1,894	0	558,008	935,823	302	936,125
Result for the period					455	455		455
Equity as of June 30, 2008	26,400	349,521	1,894	0	558,462	936,278	302	936,580
Equity as of January 1, 2009	26,400	269,677	2,215	-31,250	381,947	648,989	302	649,291
Result for the period					-2,392	-2,392		-2,392
Unrealised losses				-16,474		-16,474		-16,474
Deferred taxes on unrealised losses				5,081		5,081		5,081
Result for the period				-11,393	-2,392	-13,785	0	-13,785
Equity as of June 30, 2009	26,400	269,677	2,215	-42,643	379,555	635,204	302	635,506



## I. GENERAL INFORMATION

Deutsche Wohnen AG is the holding of the entire Deutsche Wohnen Group. In the holding, Group-wide issues such as company strategy, portfolio management, personnel, investor relations/business communication, and planning/control are managed. The operations of the subsidiaries focus on rental business and the sale of the property which is mainly located in Berlin and in the Rhein-Main region. According to their own valuation, Deutsche Wohnen is the second largest listed real estate company in Germany by market capitalisation.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in EUR. Unless otherwise stated, all figures are rounded to thousand (k EUR) or million (EUR m). Slight mathematical rounding differences may be reflected in the tables and references.

## II. FUNDAMENTALS AND METHODS OF THE CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The shortened Group interim financial statements for the period from January 1 to June 30, 2009 were prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Reporting, as it is to be applied in the EU. The Group interim financial statements were released for publication on August 27, 2009.

These interim financial statements do not contain all information and statements required for consolidated annual financial statements and are therefore to be read together with the consolidated annual financial statements as of December 31, 2008.

The consolidated financial statements have generally been prepared using the historical cost approach, with the exception of in particular investment properties and derivatives, which are valued at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Deutsche Wohnen AG and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2009. The annual financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared using standard accounting policies as of the same balance sheet date as the annual financial statements of the parent company.

In the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, discretionary judgements, estimates, and assumptions are made by the management which have an impact on the level of income, expenses, assets, and liabilities reported on the balance sheet date and the reporting of contingent liabilities. Due to the uncertainty associated with these assumptions and estimates, results might emerge which in future would lead to considerable adjustments being made to the book value of the assets or liabilities concerned.

The business activity of the Deutsche Wohnen Group is essentially free of seasonal or economic influences.

## III. CHANGES IN THE CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES

There were no changes in the consolidated companies.

## IV. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Deutsche Wohnen basically applied the same accounting policies as in the previous year.

In the first quarter of 2009, the new standards and interpretations to be applied that are mandatory for financial years beginning after January 1, 2009 were applied completely. The application of the standards led to adjustments of the elements of the Group's interim financial statements (especially of the consolidated balance sheet, the Group profit and loss statement, and the Group's statement of income and accumulated earnings). The previous year's comparison values were adjusted accordingly. In the context of the initial application of the regulations of IFRS 8 regarding segment reporting, no changes of the business segments reported by the Deutsche Wohnen Group resulted. In the segment reporting, the housing privatisation segment was renamed sales. Furthermore, the definition of the segment result and the segment revenue in the sale segment were adjusted.

In April 2009, IASB published a further collection of standards regarding the changes of different IFRS. The collection of standards has the primary goal of eliminating inconsistencies and of clarifying formulations. Separate transition regulations exist for every standard. The Deutsche Wohnen Group expects no essential changes due to the initial application.

## V. SELECTED NOTES ON THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

The assets of the Deutsche Wohnen Group consists to 93% of the investment properties. The reduction compared to December 31, 2008 is essentially due to sales. To ensure the plausibility of the real estate valuation (determination of the current market value) undertaken by the Deutsche Wohnen Group, an external expert was commissioned with the independent valuation of the property portfolio. In the context of his calculations, the external expert determined a valuation for the real estate assets of the Deutsche Wohnen Group which deviated from the internally determined property value by altogether approx. 0.02%. The amount of the deviation per single property amounted to a valuation corridor of +/- 10% of the internally determined property value. Altogether the valuation for the property amounted according to internal valuation to EUR 2,880.3 million and according to external valuation to EUR 2,879.6 million. Based on the valuation of single property clusters, approximately identical valuations between internal and external valuations result.

The tangible assets consist essentially of technical facilities and operational and office equipment.

The derivative financial instruments are interest rate swaps reported in the balance sheet at current market value that were finalised not for speculation purposes, but exclusively in order to minimize the risks of interest rate changes and thus cash flow risks of variable rate loans. Due to the further interest rate cuts, the negative market value increased from EUR 49.3 million to EUR 66.3 million as of the end of the year. Deutsche Wohnen fulfilled the requirements of the Hedge Accounting regulations of IAS 39 for the first time in the course of the financial year 2008 for the balancing of the hedgings for securing the cash flow from the variably interest-bearing loans. Accordingly the current market values of the interest rate swaps in the Group interim financial statements as of June 30, 2009 were reported in part as noncurrent liabilities and in part as current liabilities under the item "Derivative financial instruments". On the other hand, the interest rate swaps as of June 30, 2008 are reported exclusively as current

liabilities, since at this time the requirements for Hedge Accounting had not yet been fulfilled. The changed statement does not represent a change of the accounting policies, but rather results on basis of the now existing documentation of hedging correlations between underlying transactions (variably interest-bearing loans) and hedging (interest rate swaps). In addition to the balance sheet change, a change occurred in the handling of the market value adjustment of the interest rate swaps. As far as the hedging correlation is effective, the market value adjustments are reported in the equity and not recognised in the Group's profit and loss statement. In the Group interim financial statements as of June 30, 2009, losses amounting to EUR 16.5 million (before taking deferred taxes into account) in the equity and EUR 0.5 million in the Group profit and loss statement from the market value adjustment for the six month period ending on June 30, 2009 were reported, while in the six month period ending on June 30, 2008, earnings from the market value adjustment of derivative financial instruments was reported in the Groups profit and loss statement.

The development of the equity can be seen in the statement of changes in shareholders' equity on page 20.

The financial liabilities decreased in comparison with December 31, 2008 essentially due to redemptions. In the first six months, total loans in the amount of EUR 84 million were repaid. This was offset by new loan extensions in the amount of EUR 29.6 million. The increase of the current financial liabilities is due, among other things, to the unscheduled repayment in connection with the planned increase in capital. These payments are under the condition that the increase in capital will take place and depend additionally on actually realized issue proceeds.

The share of debt capital of the convertible bond issued as part of the purchase price of the GEHAG Group is reported in the balance sheet item Convertible bond. The change is due to the accrued interest for the first six months.

The accrued taxes essentially take into account the payment obligation for EK 02.

## VI. SELECTED NOTES ON THE GROUP PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT

Turnover comprises the following:

	H1/2009	H1/2008
	EUR m	EUR m
Residential property management	130.7	131.6
Nursing and residential care homes	16.4	15.0
Miscellaneous	0.3	2.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>147.4</b>	<b>149.4</b>

The expenses for trade payables essentially affect expenses for the rental business (EUR 53.6 million, same period of the previous year EUR 56.1 million).

The reduction of employee expenses from EUR 22.6 million to EUR 19 million is essentially due to the restructuring in 2008. Apart from this, EUR 8.7 million (previous year EUR 8.2 million) account for the care division.

The restructuring and reorganization costs include primarily compensations and continued payments of wages (EUR 3.4 million, previous year EUR 13 million) for further job reductions and reorganisation expenses (EUR 2 million; same period last year: EUR 3.7 million).

The financial expenses are composed as follows:

	H1/2009	H1/2008
	EUR m	EUR m
Current interest	48.8	54.7
Accrued interest on liabilities and pensions	7.5	7.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>56.3</b>	<b>62.2</b>

The result from discontinued business areas includes the result of the AKF Group as of June 30, 2008.

## VII. CASH FLOW STATEMENT DISCLOSURES

The financial resource fund consists of the cash balance and the bank balance. In addition, we have credit lines at banks in the amount of EUR 65 million at our disposal.

## VIII. SEGMENT REPORTING DISCLOSURES

In the first quarter of 2009, the regulations of the IFRS 8 were applied for the first time for the segment reporting. Compared to the previous periods, the segment result was adjusted on the basis of the internal reporting of the Deutsche Wohnen Group. Thus, from now on, there are no more income tax expenses reported in the segment result. The adjustment of the segment took place against the backdrop of corporate management in the Deutsche Wohnen Group, which occurred on a before tax basis for the corresponding segments.

The following table shows the segment income and the segment result for the Deutsche Wohnen Group:

	External turnover		Segment result (EBIT*)	
	H1/2009	H1/2008	H1/2009	H1/2008
	EUR m	EUR m	EUR m	EUR m
Residential property management	130.7	131.6	77.3	75.5
Housing privatisation	18.7	22.3	2.5	4.8
Services	16.4	15.0	4.5	3.9
Others and Group function	0.3	2.8	-17.0	-19.1
Transition	0.0	0.0	-1.4	-0.7
<b>Group</b>	<b>166.1</b>	<b>171.7</b>	<b>65.9</b>	<b>64.4</b>
Transition to the earnings before tax				
Restructuring and reorganisation expenses			-5.4	-16.8
Result from discontinued divisions			0.0	0.3
<b>Earnings before interest and taxes</b>			<b>60.5</b>	<b>47.9</b>
Financial result and market value adjustment of derivative financial instruments			-56.3	-35.6
<b>Earnings before taxes</b>			<b>4.2</b>	<b>12.3</b>

\* adjusted for restructuring and reorganisation expenses

## IX. OTHER DISCLOSURES

### Related companies and individuals

No changes occurred in the related companies/ individuals in comparison with the information as of December 31, 2008.

### Management and Supervisory Board

No changes occurred in the management and supervisory board compared to the information as of December 31, 2008.

### Events after the balance sheet date

It was concluded on the extraordinary general meeting on August 7, 2009 to raise the share capital by up to EUR 250 million against cash contributions by issuing of new shares.

### Risk Report

In terms of the risks of the future business development, we refer to the statements made in the risk report of the consolidated annual financial statements as of December 31, 2008. Due to the current financial crisis, we would like to especially point out the following: The risks resulting from the refinancing of loans are at present largely limited in the Deutsche Wohnen Group due to a by far predominant share in noncurrent loans. In the next three years, our refinancing volume only amounts to EUR 150 million. Nevertheless, due to the more restrictive lending practice as a consequence of the financial crisis, future problems when taking out and extending loans can not be ruled out.

The value of our real estate assets was assessed and confirmed as of June 30, 2009 by means of an independent expert.

Frankfurt/Main, August 2009

## The Management Board



Michael Zahn (Chairman of the Management Board)



Helmut Ullrich (Chief Financial Officer)

## ASSURANCE OF THE LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES

“We assure to the best of our knowledge that in accordance with the applicable financial accounting principles the Group interim financial statements as of June 30, 2009 convey a view of the asset, financial, and revenue position of the company which corresponds to the actual circumstances, and that in the interim report the business performance including the financial result and the position of the Group is portrayed in such a manner that the significant opportunities and risks of the company’s likely development are depicted.”

Frankfurt/Main, August 2009

Deutsche Wohnen AG



Michael Zahn  
Chairman of the  
Management Board



Helmut Ullrich  
Chief Financial Officer



## MANAGEMENT BOARD

Version August 2009

### **Michael Zahn**

Chairman of the Management Board, Berlin

### **Helmut Ullrich**

Chief Financial Officer, Berlin

## SUPERVISORY BOARD

Version August 2009

### **Hermann T. Dambach**

Chairman, Bad Homburg

### **Dr. Andreas Kretschmer**

Vice Chairman, Düsseldorf

### **Jens Bernhardt**

Oberursel

### **Uwe E. Flach**

Frankfurt/Main

### **Matthias Hünlein**

Oberursel

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Deutsche Wohnen AG

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